

UCLA

College | Physical Sciences

Physics & Astronomy

Tensor Networks for Energy Correlators

Curtis Zhou
UCLA

Work in Progress with Enrico Hermann, Zhongbo Kang, Kyle Lee, Noah Moran.

Goal: To compute
Energy-correlators
non-perturbatively using **Tensor**
Networks.

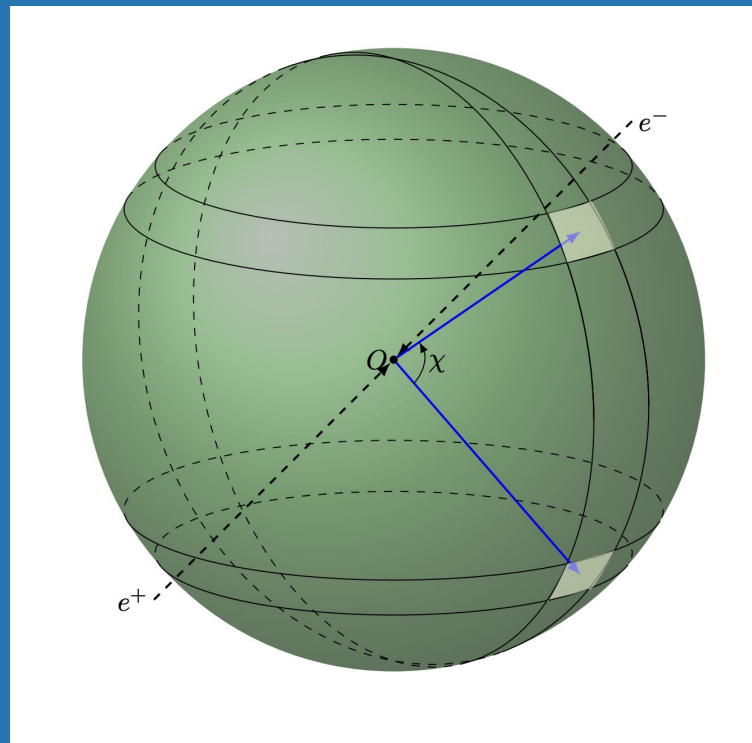
Energy Energy Correlators (EECs)

$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \int dt \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} r^{d-2} \hat{n}^i T_{0i}(t, r\hat{n})$$

Energy-flow operator
(calorimeter cells)

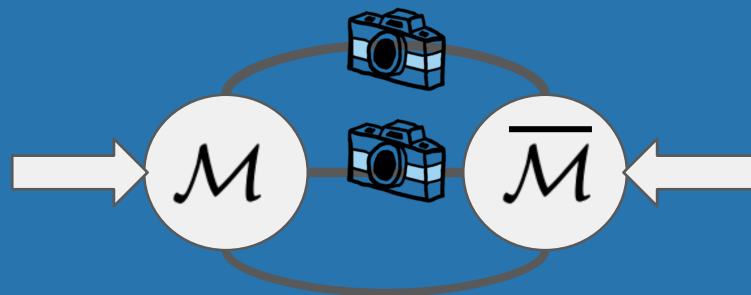
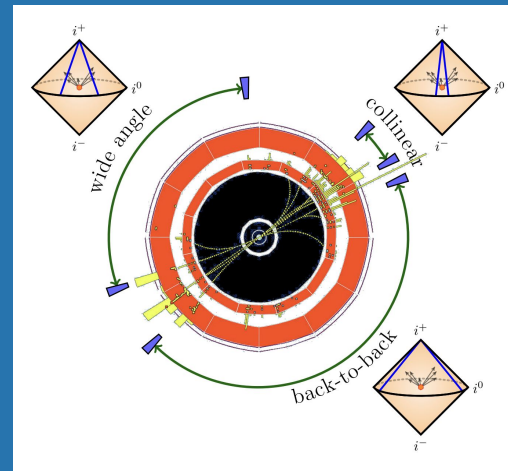
$$\text{EEC}(\hat{n}_1, \hat{n}_2) = \langle \psi | \mathcal{E}(\hat{n}_1) \mathcal{E}(\hat{n}_2) | \psi \rangle$$

Energy Energy Correlator



Energy Energy Correlators (EECs)

- Why are EECs Interesting?
 - CFT
 - Experiment
- Well Studied, relation to Amplitudes
- Here:
 - We use operator perspective

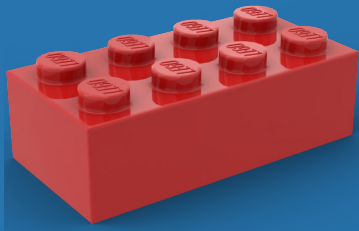


Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.

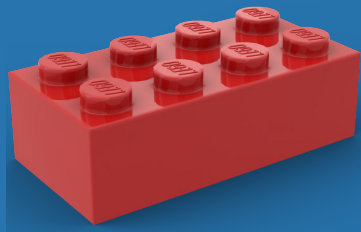
Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.



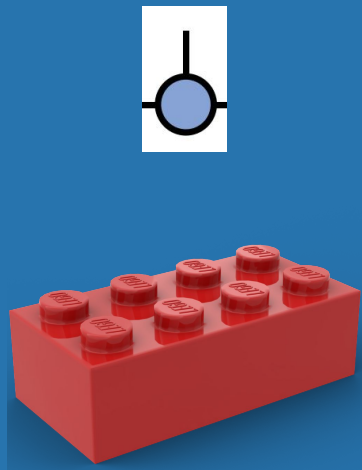
Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.

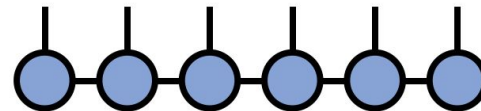


Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.



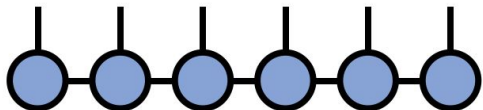
Matrix Product State /
Tensor Train



Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

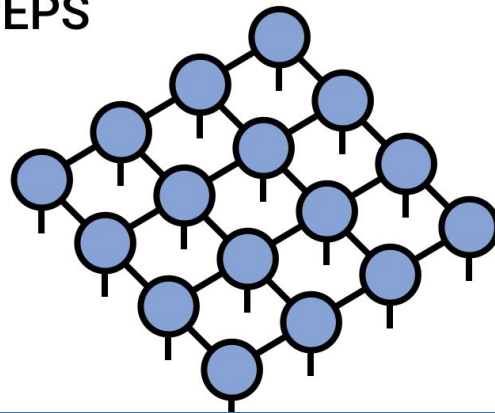
- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.

Matrix Product State /
Tensor Train



1+1D

PEPS

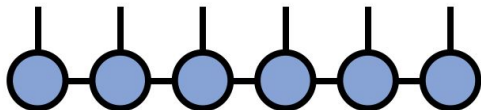


2+1D

Tensor Networks: (arxiv.1603.03039)

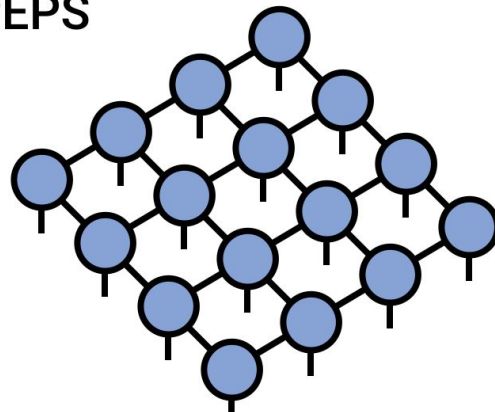
- Used in condensed matter and quantum information theory.
- PEPS: Projected Entangled Pair States

Matrix Product State /
Tensor Train



1+1D

PEPS

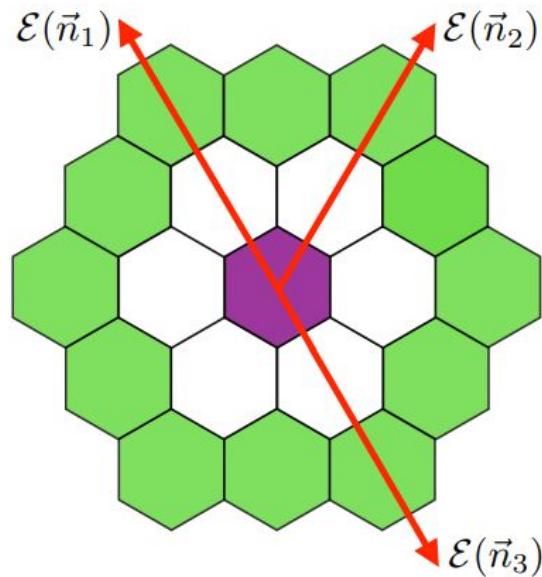


2+1D

Lee, Turro, Yao (arxiv.2409.13830) EEC setup

- SU(2) Lattice Gauge Theory in 2 + 1D, with truncations.
- Each site i = qubit, s.t.

$$O_S = \sum_{\{\mu_j \in \{0,x,y,z\}\}} c_{\{\mu_j\}} \bigotimes_{j \in S} \sigma_j^{\mu_j} \quad (\sigma^0 \equiv I).$$



Lee, Turro, Yao (arxiv.2409.13830) EEC setup

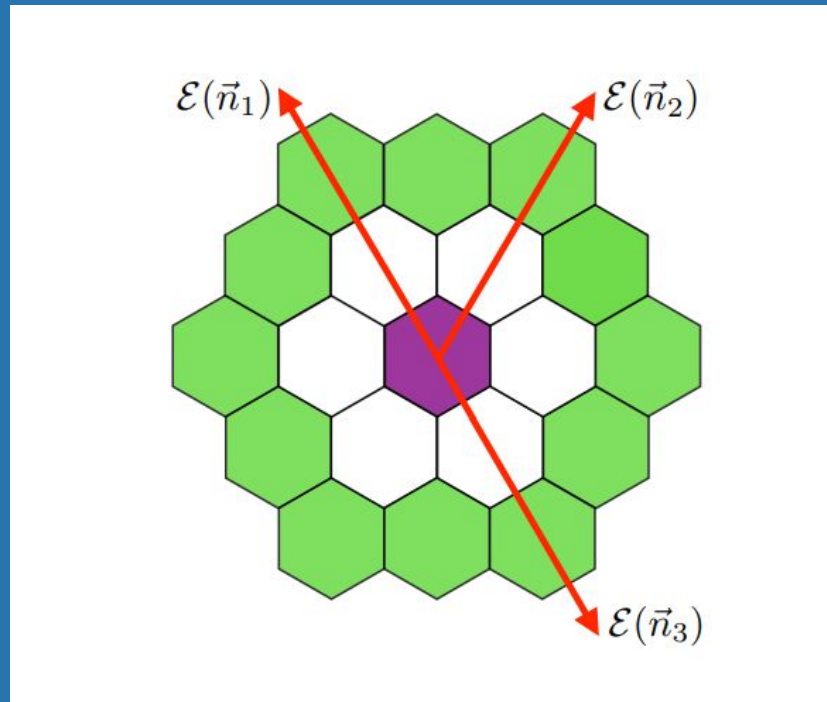
- E.g. Hamiltonian:

$$\text{Basis} \rightarrow \Pi_i^\pm = \frac{I_i \pm \sigma_i^z}{2} \quad \& \quad D_{ij} = \prod_{K=0}^5 \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) \sigma_K^z \sigma_{K+1}^z + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

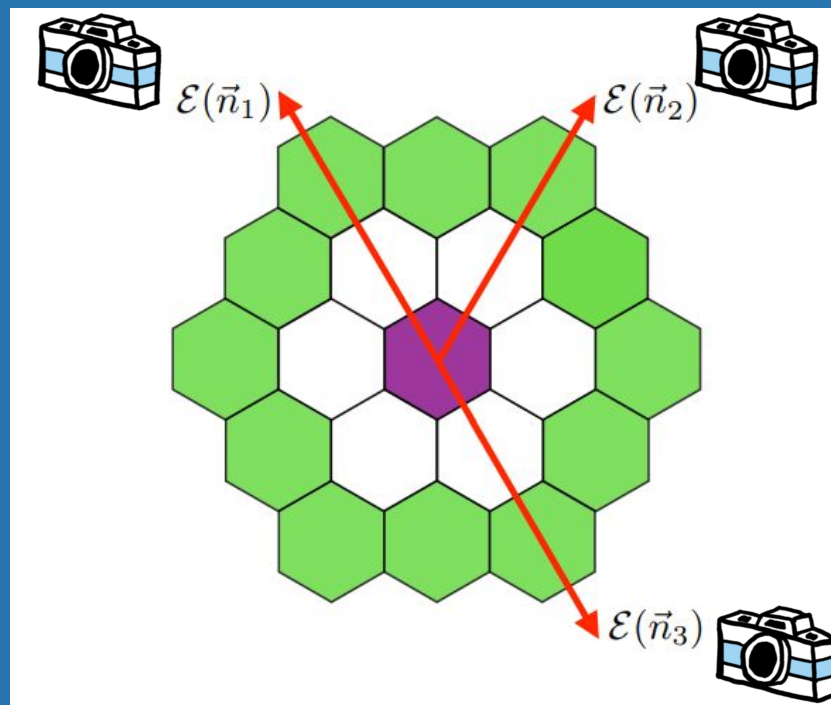


$$\begin{aligned} H_{ij} &= H_{ij}^{\text{el}} + H_{ij}^{\text{mag}} \\ &= h_+ \Pi_{ij}^+ - \frac{h_{++}}{2} \Pi_{ij}^+ \sum_{(i', j')} \Pi_{i' j'}^+ + h_x \sigma_{ij}^x D_{ij} \end{aligned}$$

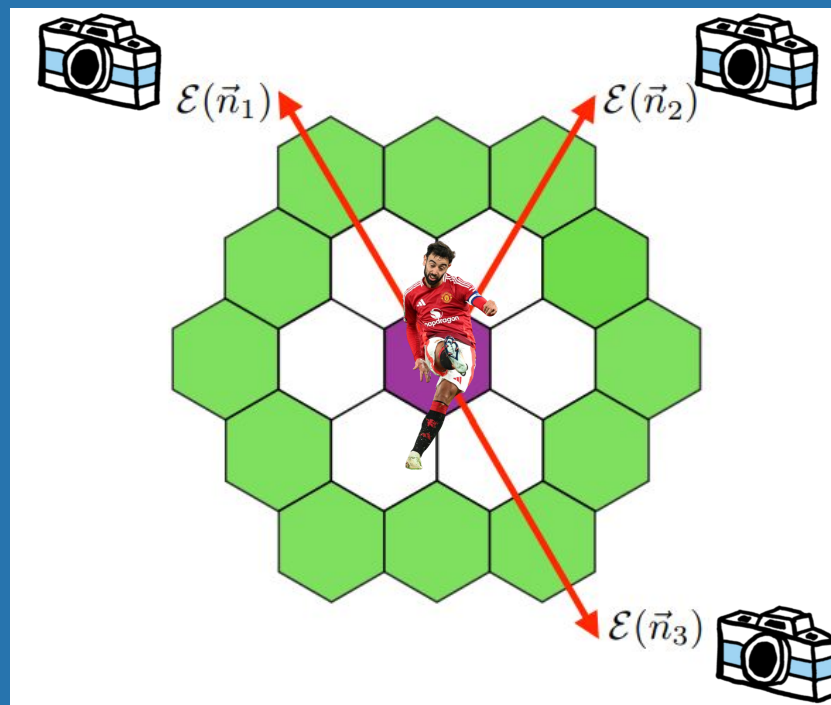
The Setup



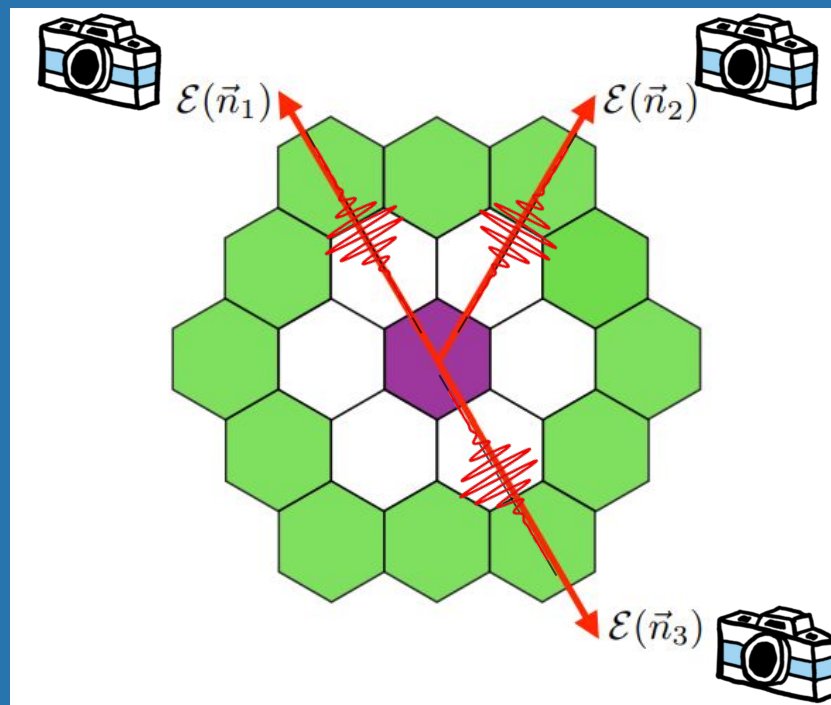
The Setup



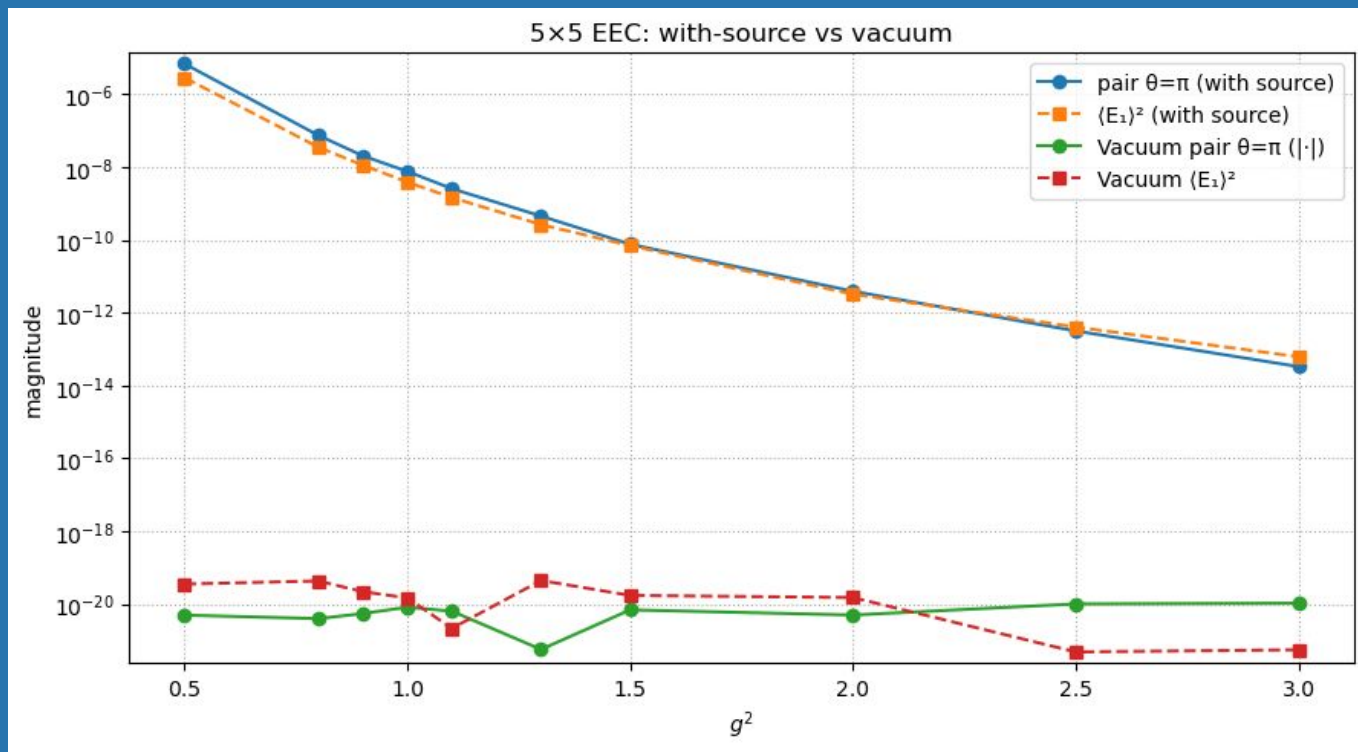
The Setup



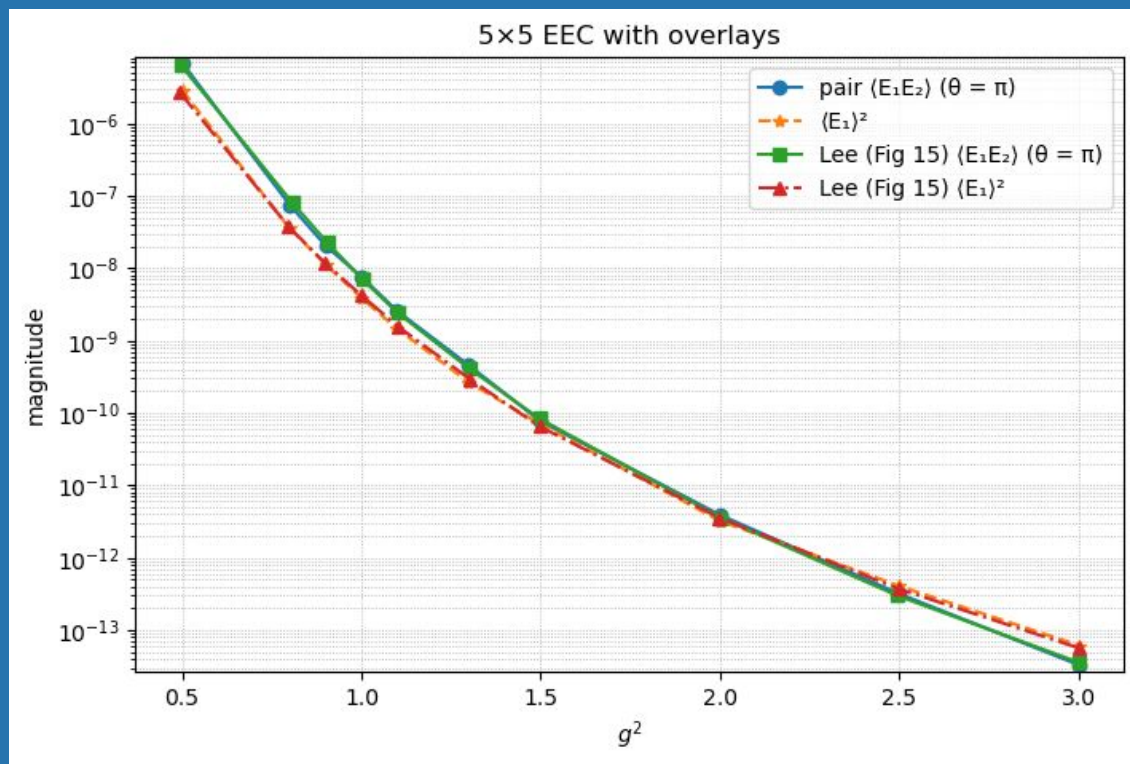
The Setup



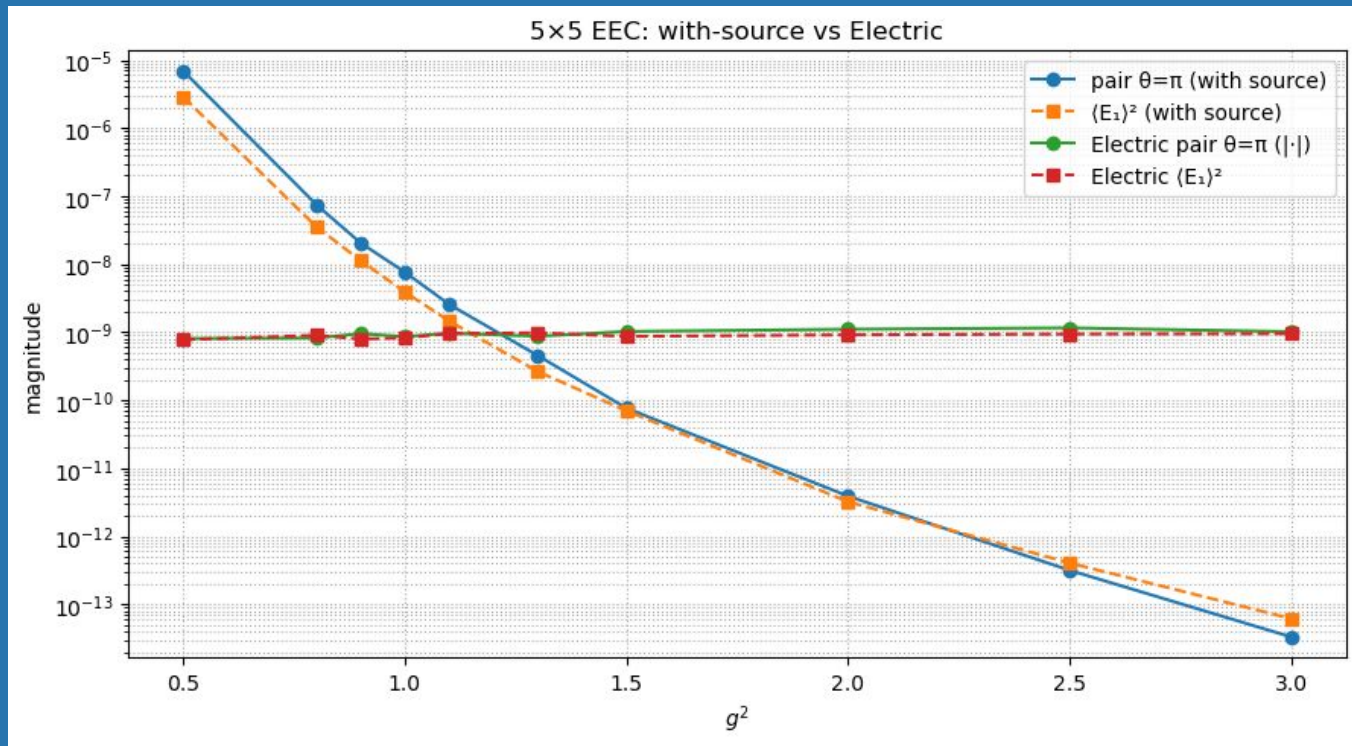
Verification



Verification



Initial Results



Future (currently ongoing) work

- GPU acceleration of software
 - Faster results and better performance
- Raising truncation (difficult in current setup)
- **Look for jets** in the $SU(2)$ case

- 3D Ising CFT $\leftrightarrow$ 2D TFIM
 - Study Ising CFT (2+1D) by simulating 2D TFIM at criticality with PEPS
 - No truncation!

Acknowledgements



Not Pictured - Enrico (in audience), Kyle.



Thank
you!